

Part Number: SC40-18SRWA

Super Bright Red

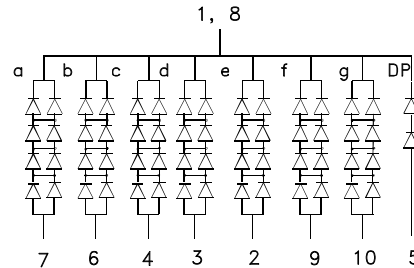
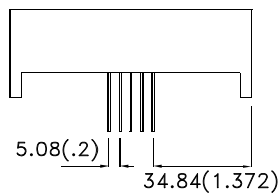
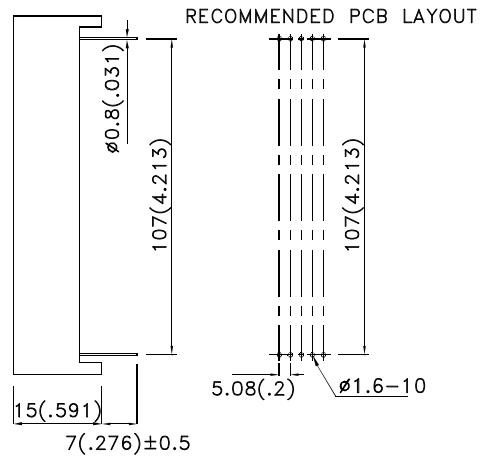
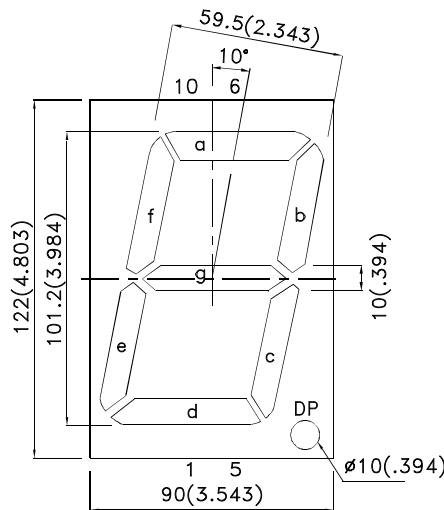
Features

- Large size.
- 4.0 inch digit height.
- Low current operation.
- Excellent character appearance.
- High light output.
- Easy mounting on P.C. boards or sockets.
- Mechanically rugged.
- Standard : gray face, white segment..
- RoHS compliant.

Description

The Super Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Aluminum Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

Package Dimensions & Internal Circuit Diagram



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches), Tolerance is $\pm 0.25(0.01)$ unless otherwise noted.
2. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.



Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Iv (ucd) [1] @ 10mA		Description
			Min.	Typ.	
SC40-18SRWA	Super Bright Red (GaAlAs)	White Diffused	52000	110000	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal.

Note:

1. Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λ_{peak}	Peak Wavelength	Super Bright Red	660		nm	I _F =20mA
λ_D [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Super Bright Red	640		nm	I _F =20mA
$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$	Spectral Line Half-width	Super Bright Red	20		nm	I _F =20mA
C	Capacitance	Super Bright Red	45		pF	V _F =0V;f=1MHz
V _F [2]	Forward Voltage Per Segment Or (DP)	Super Bright Red	7.4 (3.7)	10.0 (5.0)	V	I _F =20mA
I _R	Reverse Current Per Segment Or (DP)	Super Bright Red		10 (10)	uA	V _R =5V

Notes:

1.Wavelength: +/-1nm.

2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.

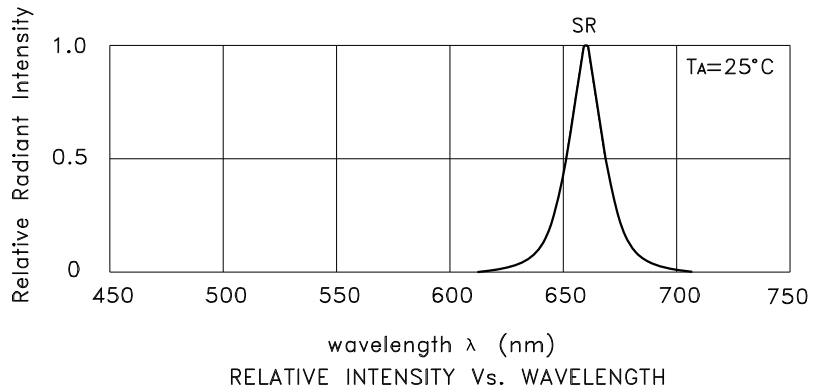
Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Super Bright Red	Units
Power dissipation Per Segment Or (DP)	600 (150)	mW
DC Forward Current Per Segment Or (DP)	60 (30)	mA
Peak Forward Current [1] Per Segment Or (DP)	310 (155)	mA
Reverse Voltage Per Segment Or (DP)	5 (5)	V
Operating / Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C	
Lead Solder Temperature[2]	260°C For 3-5 Seconds	

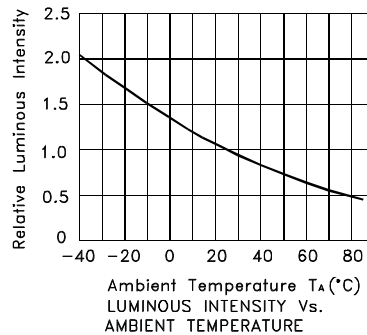
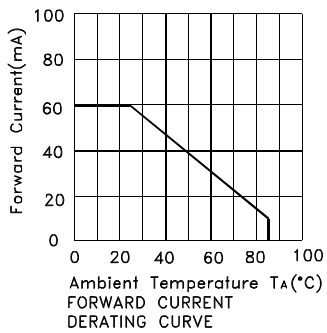
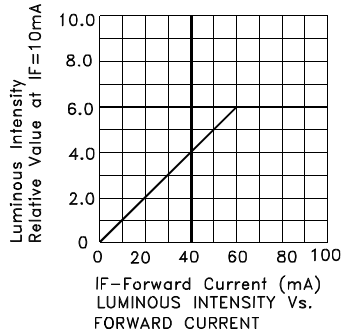
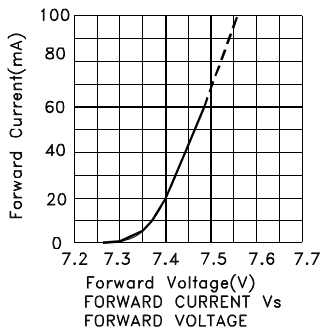
Notes:

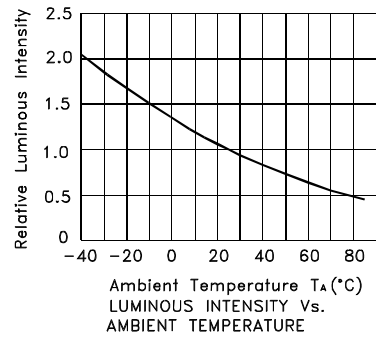
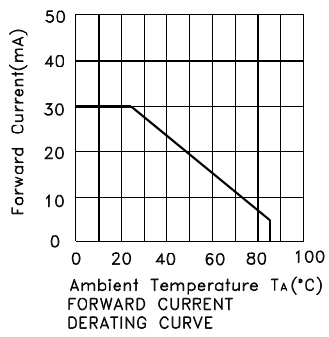
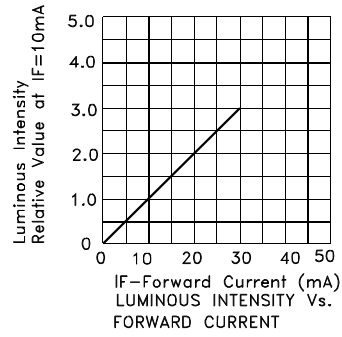
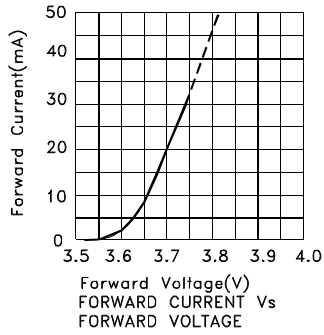
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

2. 2mm below package base.



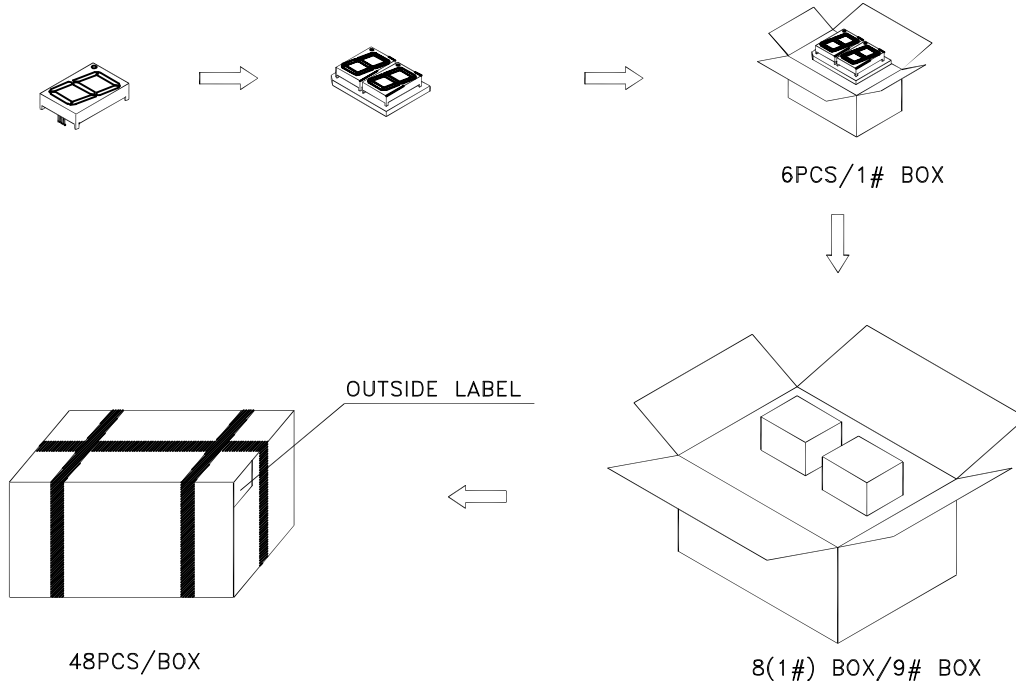
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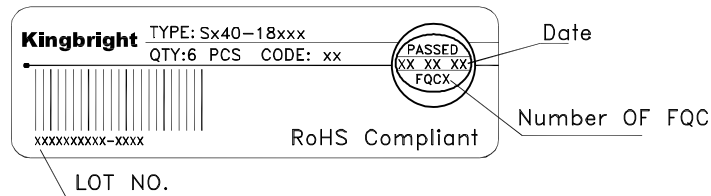


PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS

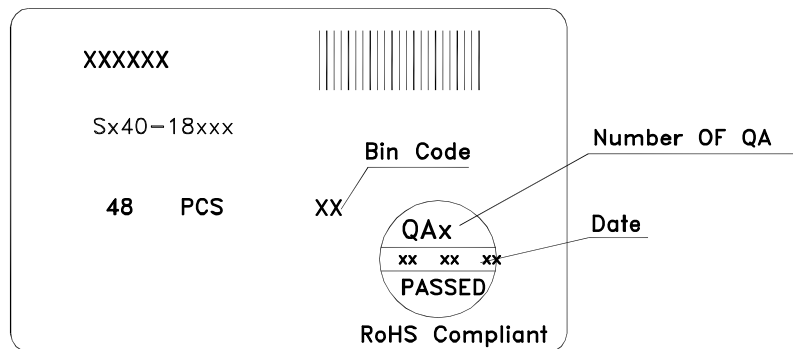
SC40-18SRWA



Inside Label on 1#BOX



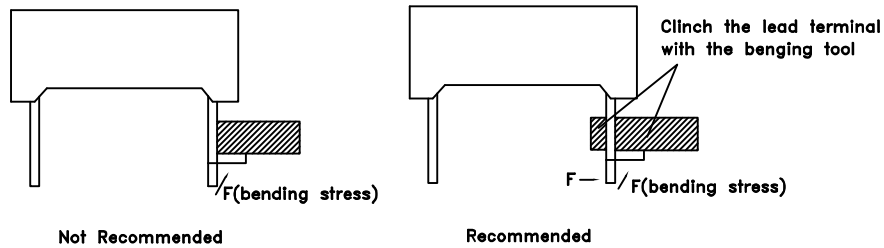
Outside Label on Box



THROUGH HOLE DISPLAY MOUNTING METHOD

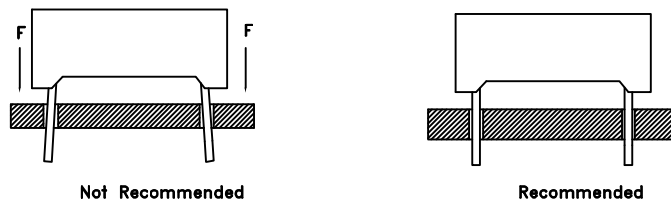
Lead Forming

Do not bend the component leads by hand without proper tools.
The leads should be bent by clinching the upper part of the lead firmly such that the bending force is not exerted on the plastic body.



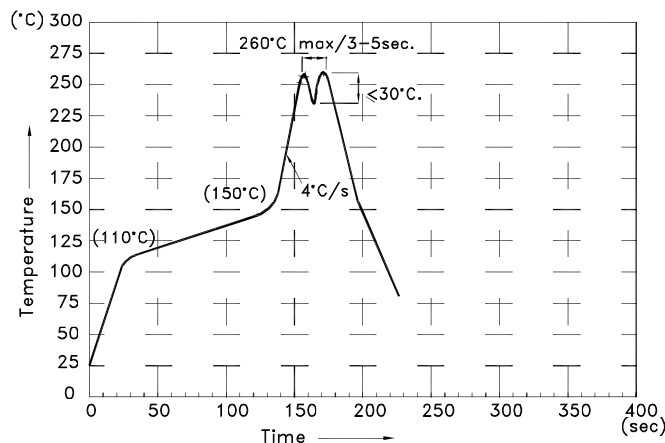
Installation

- 1.The installation process should not apply stress to the lead terminals.
- 2.When inserting for assembly, ensure the terminal pitch matches the substrate board's hole pitch to prevent spreading or pinching the lead terminals.



DISPLAY SOLDERING CONDITIONS

Wave Soldering Profile For Lead-free Through-hole LED.



NOTES:

- 1.Recommend the wave temperature 245°C~260°C.The maximum soldering temperature should be less than 260°C.
- 2.Do not apply stress on epoxy resins when temperature is over 85°C.
- 3.The soldering profile apply to the lead free soldering (Sn/Cu/Ag alloy).
- 4.During wave soldering , the PCB top-surface temperature should be kept below 105°C
- 5.No more than once.

Soldering General Notes:

- a. Through-hole displays are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- b. If components will undergo multiple soldering processes, or other processes where the components may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.

CLEANING

1. Mild "no-clean" fluxes are recommended for use in soldering.
2. If cleaning is required, Kingbright recommends to wash components with water only. Do not use harsh organic solvents for cleaning, because they may damage the plastic parts. And the devices should not be washed for more than one minute.

CIRCUIT DESIGN NOTES

1. Protective current-limiting resistors may be necessary to operate the Displays.
2. LEDs mounted in parallel should each be placed in series with its own current-limiting resistor.

